

# Material Safety Data Sheet



Jectron 300ml

## 1. Product and company identification

**Product name** : Jectron 300ml  
**Material uses** : Not available.  
**Supplier/Manufacturer** : LIQUI MOLY GmbH  
Jerg-Wieland-Strasse 4  
D-89081 Ulm-Lehr  
Germany  
Tel.: +49(0)731 / 1420-0  
Fax: +49(0)731 / 1420-88  
**Code** : 2007  
**Validation date** : 08/24/2009  
**Responsible name** : Chemical Check GmbH  
**In case of emergency** : +49(0)731 / 1420-0

## 2. Hazards identification

**Physical state** : Liquid. [Clear.]  
**Odor** : Characteristic.  
**Emergency overview** : CAUTION!  
COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED. CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.  
Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

### Potential acute health effects

**Inhalation** : Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.  
**Ingestion** : Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage.  
**Skin** : Moderately irritating to the skin.  
**Eyes** : Moderately irritating to eyes.

### Potential chronic health effects

**Chronic effects** : Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.  
**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Target organs** : Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Inhalation** : No specific data.  
**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting

## 2. Hazards identification

- Skin** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
dryness  
cracking
- Eyes** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
watering  
redness
- Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure** : Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (section 11)

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Canada			
Name		CAS number	%
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy		64742-82-1	60-100
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic		64742-94-5	1-5
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		95-63-6	0.1-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

## 4. First aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Skin contact** : Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
- Inhalation** : If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.
- Ingestion** : Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
- Notes to physician** : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** : Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
- Extinguishing media**
- Suitable** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Not suitable** : Do not use water jet.
- Special exposure hazards** : Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Hydrocarbon.  
carbon oxides, oxides of nitrogen  
Toxic pyrolysis products.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## 6 . Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- Methods for cleaning up**
- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7 . Handling and storage

- Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

### Product name

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

### Exposure limits

**ACGIH TLV (United States).**

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Manufacturier (Canada).**

TWA: 17 ppm 8 hour(s).

**CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2008).**

8 hrs OEL: 123 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

8 hrs OEL: 25 ppm 8 hour(s).

**CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2008).**

## 8 . Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hour(s).  
**CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2008).**  
TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hour(s).  
TWAEV: 123 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).  
**CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2008).**  
TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hour(s).  
TWAEV: 123 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

**Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.**

- Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
- Engineering measures** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Personal protection**
- Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
- Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9 . Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Liquid. [Clear.]
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 63°C (145.4°F)
- Flammable limits** : Lower: 0.6%  
Upper: 7%
- Color** : Yellow.
- Odor** : Characteristic.
- Density** : 0.806 g/cm<sup>3</sup> [15°C (59°F)]
- Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <0.07 cm<sup>2</sup>/s (<7 cSt)
- Solubility** : Insoluble in water.

## 10 . Stability and reactivity

- Stability** : The product is stable.
- Hazardous polymerization** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not swallow.
- Materials to avoid** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and acids.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
- Conditions of reactivity** : Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge.  
Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat.

## 11 . Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Species	Dose	Result	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic	Rabbit	>2 mL/kg	LD50 Dermal	-
	Rat	>590 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	4 hours

- Inhalation** : Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.
- Ingestion** : Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage.
- Skin** : Moderately irritating to the skin.
- Eyes** : Moderately irritating to eyes.

## 12 . Ecological information

- Environmental effects** : May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

## 13 . Disposal considerations

- Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14 . Transport information

### Regulatory information

- TDG / IMDG / IATA** : Not regulated.

## 15 . Regulatory information

### Canada

- WHMIS (Canada)** : Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F).  
Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

## 15 . Regulatory information

**Canadian lists** : **CEPA Toxic substances:** None of the components are listed.  
**Canadian ARET:** None of the components are listed.  
**Canadian NPRI:** The following components are listed: Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha  
**Alberta Designated Substances:** None of the components are listed.  
**Ontario Designated Substances:** None of the components are listed.  
**Quebec Designated Substances:** None of the components are listed.

**Canada inventory** : All components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

### International regulations

**International lists** : **Australia inventory (AICS):** Not determined.  
**China inventory (IECSC):** Not determined.  
**Japan inventory:** Not determined.  
**Korea inventory:** Not determined.  
**New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):** Not determined.  
**Philippines inventory (PICCS):** Not determined.

## 16 . Other information

**Label requirements** : COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. MAY CAUSE EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT MAY DRY SKIN AND CAUSE IRRITATION. HARMFUL OR FATAL IF SWALLOWED. CAN ENTER LUNGS AND CAUSE DAMAGE. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** :

Health	*	1
Fire hazard		2
Physical Hazard		0
Personal protection		B

### HAZARD RATINGS

4- Extreme  
 3- Serious  
 2- Moderate  
 1- Slight  
 0- Minimal

See section 8 for more detailed information on personal protection.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)** :



**References** : ANSI Z400.1, MSDS Standard, 2004. - Manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet. - Canada Gazette Part II, Vol. 122, No. 2. Registration SOR/88-64, 31 December 1987. Hazardous Products Act "Ingredient Disclosure List" - Canadian Transport of Dangerous Goods, Regulations and Schedules, Clear Language version 2005.

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### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.